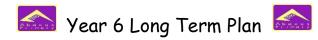
| Term | Autumn | Spring | Summer | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Topic | Ancient Greece | Evolution and Inheritance | World War II | | |
| | Who Let the Gods out – Narrative Greek Gods - Biography Charge of the Light Brigade Pandora | Darwin's Dragons – narrative Persuasion (Day of the Dead – NC reports) SATs Preparation | The Piano - flashback Letters from the lighthouse – narrative & journalistic report Evacuation - discussion text | | |
| | | Alma – Narrative | | | |
| Maths | Place value Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division Fractions Measurement: Converting Units | Ratio Algebra Decimals Fractions Decimals and Percentages Perimeter, area and volume Statistics | Shape Geometry: Position and Direction | | |
| Science Working scientifically | During years 5 and 6, pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content: | | | | |
| Science | Light recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines. | Evolution and inheritance recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils | Living things and their habitats describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common. | | |



| | from light sources to objects and then to our eyes. use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them. Electricity associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit. compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches. use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. | vary and are not identical to their parents. identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. | identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood. recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| Computing | E-Safety I understand how to report concerns about content and contact in and out of school. I understand how to protect my computer or device from harm on the internet. Digital Literacy PUBLISHER I can use more than one piece of software to complete a task. I can design a program for a given audience. I can use software to help me analyse and present data and information. | E-Safety I can recognise trustworthy sources of information on the internet. I can use a broad range of resources online to find exactly what I'm looking for. WEB: I can use the internet to allow me to share data with another person. Digital Literacy EXCEL I can use more than one piece of software to complete a task. I can design a program for a given audience I can use software to help me analyse and present data and information. | Coding I can break code up into related instructions, making debugging easier and quicker. I can use logical thinking to identify and solve potential bugs during coding. I can store and retrieve variables in a program. I can use loops, variables and IF statements to alter the way my programs run. Digital Literacy VIDEO EDITING I understand how computers are able to communicate and share information. I can use and combine services on the internet to share information. |
| P.E | | Pupils should be taught to: | |



| Get Set | use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]. perform dances using a range of movement patterns. take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team. compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. | | | | all, rounders and tennis], | |
|---------|--|------------------|---|--|---|--|
| | Dance Tag Rugby | Handball Yoga | Gymnastics Cricket | Rounders | OAA | Athletics |
| History | Ancient Greeks Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world. | | Mayans A non-European socie contrasts with British chosen from: early Isl including a study of B Mayan civilization c. Africa) c. AD 900-130 | history – one study lamic civilization, aghdad c. AD 900; AD 900; Benin (West | WW2 A study of an aspect or that extends pupils' chr beyond 1066. | theme in British history onological knowledge |



| Geography | I can use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. I can understand and use a widening range of geographical terms such as urban, rural, land use, sustainability, tributary, trade links. I can describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. I can understand how humans affect the environment. I can explain about changes to the World environment. | I can use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. I can recognise the different shapes of countries. I can show I know about the wider context of places e.g. county, region and country. I can describe where a variety of places are in relation to physical and human features. I can locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. I can show I know the location of: capital cities of countries of British Isles and U.K., seas around U.K., European Union countries with high populations and large areas, and the largest cities in each continent. I can understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America. | I can use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build my knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. I can use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. I can use maps, charts etc. to support decision making about the location of places e.g. new bypass. | |
|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| RE | In-depth investigation of: 1. Christianity and two other principal world religions or non-religious worldviews (Buddhism and Humanism) And encountering: At least one other religion, or non-religious worldview. (Islam) | | | |
| | Multi (Human / Social Sciences) How and why does religion bring peace and conflict? | Humanist/Christian (Philosophy) What does it mean to be human? Is being happy the greatest purpose in life? | (Human / Social Sciences) How do beliefs shape identity for Muslims? Muslim (prepare for KS3) | |
| | Buddhist (Theology) | <u>Christian/Humanist</u> (Theology) | | |

| | How do Buddhists explain the suffering in the world? | Creation or science: conflicting or complementary? | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Art & Design | To create sketch books to record observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To improve mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. | | | | |
| | Craft and design: Photo opportunity Developing photography skills and techniques to design a range of creative photographic outcomes. | Sculpture and 3D: Making memories | Painting and mixed media: Artist study Exploring a selection of paintings through art appreciation activities. Collecting ideas in sketchbooks and planning for a final piece after researching the life, techniques and artistic intentions of an artist that interests them. | | |
| Design Technology | When designing and making, pupils should be taught: | | | | |



| | To understand the main food groups and the different nutrients that are important for health. To use information on food labels to inform choice. To understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. To prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques. | TEXTILES To generate, develop, model and communicate my ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. To apply my knowledge of materials and techniques to refine and rework my product to improve its functional properties and aesthetic qualities. To use my knowledge of famous designs to further explain the effectiveness of existing products and products I have made. | COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN To apply my understanding of computing to program, monitor and control my products. To use research I have done into famous designers and inventors to inform my designs. To use my technical knowledge and accurate skills to problem solve during the making process. To use a wide range of methods to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce complex structures and can use them accurately and appropriately. |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| Music | Happy (Charanga) I can listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory and accuracy. Shadows and Touch the Sky (SING UP) I can play and perform in solo or ensemble contexts with increasing accuracy, control, fluency and expression. | Music and Me (Charanga) I can improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music. I can appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music from different traditions and from great composers and musicians. BBC Ten Pieces – Delia Derbyshire I can appropriately discuss the dimensions of music and recognise them in music heard I can develop a deeper understanding of the history and context of music. | Garage Band Composition (Sing Up) I can deepen my understanding and use of formal, written notation which includes staff, semibreves and dotted crotchets. I can create a simple composition and record it using formal notation. Summer Production I can sing as part of an ensemble with full confidence and precision. |
| Languages | | | |
| PSHE | How can we keep healthy as we grow? How can the media influence people? | What will change as we become more independent? | How do friendships change as we grow? |