

# Earthquakes

Extreme Earth



twinkl

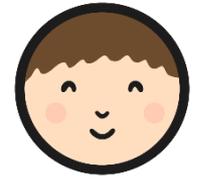
What does this picture make you think of?

What has caused it?

How would you feel if you were there?



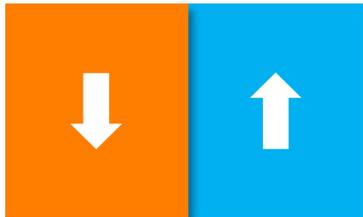
# How Do Tectonic Plates Move?



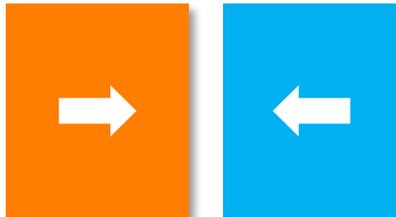
Use the two pieces of paper from last time.

Can you remember the different ways you can move the plates around?

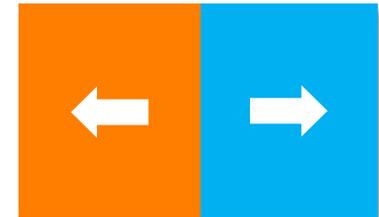
**Rubbing together**



**Towards each other**



**Away from each other**



This kind of movement causes earthquakes.

# Why Do Earthquakes Happen?

Earthquakes can cause a lot of damage because they make the ground shake!



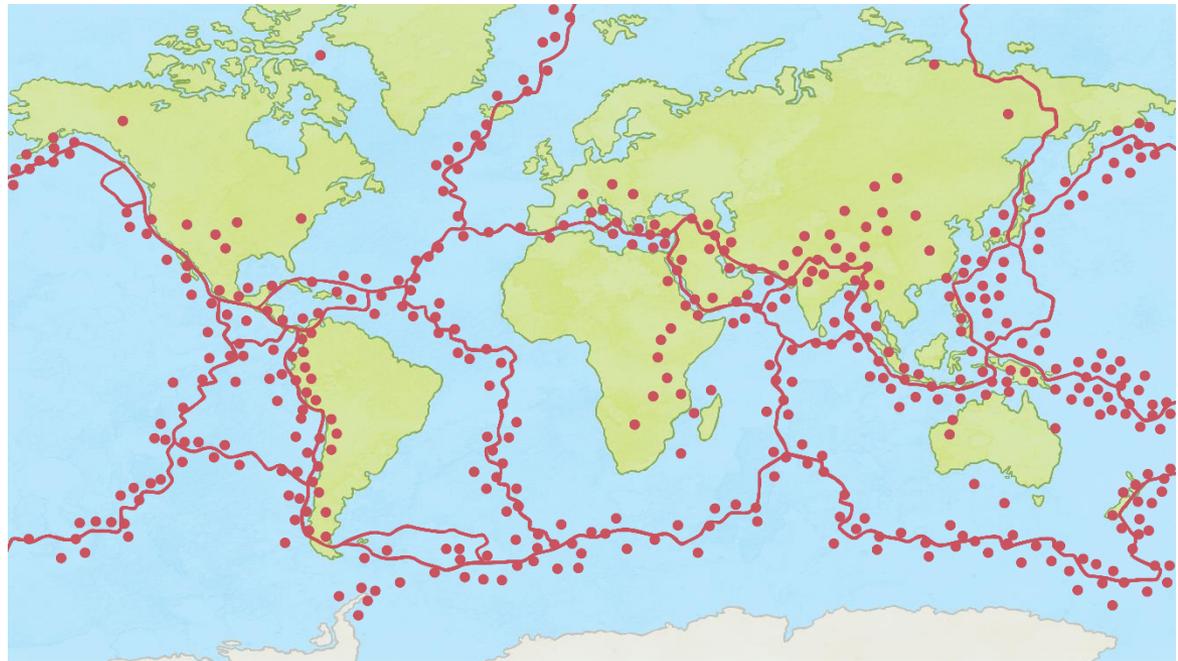
- Things can fall off shelves.
- Pictures can fall off walls.
- Furniture can move.
- Trees and telegraph poles might sway.

- Roads can be damaged.
- Cracks might appear in the ground.
- Buildings can be damaged or destroyed.

# Where Do Earthquakes Occur?

Solid line are tectonic plate boundaries

Spots are earthquake hotspots



# What Should You Do?



## Drop, Cover and Hold

Duck under a strong table or desk. Cover your head and neck with your arms. Stay away from windows.

## Stay Calm

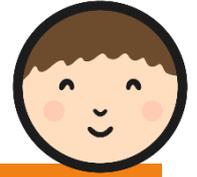
Keep calm. Make safe choices for yourself and those around you.



## Stay Put

Shelter in place. Whether you're in a car, in bed, or in a public place. Do not try to run out of the building during strong shaking, wait until the shaking stops.

# How Strong Is It?



There are two main ways to measure the power of an earthquake.

Machines called seismographs measure the power of an earthquake at its epicentre on a scale called the Richter scale.

Another measure is the Mercalli scale, and this is based on people's observations during an earthquake.



Can you sort out the different strengths of the Mercalli scale into the right order?

# Comparing Earthquakes

Mercalli Intensity	Effect
<b>I</b>	Felt by no-one.
<b>II</b>	Felt by very few people. Hanging objects may swing.
<b>III</b>	Felt by many but they don't realise it is an earthquake.
<b>IV</b>	Felt indoors by most people. Vibrations similar to a lorry hitting a building.
<b>V</b>	Felt by nearly everyone. Sleeping people may be woken. Trees and telegraph poles sway.
<b>VI</b>	Felt by all. People run outside. Furniture moves. Slight damage to property.
<b>VII</b>	Felt by all. People run outside. Moderate damage to buildings
<b>VIII</b>	Specially designed buildings damaged, others collapse.
<b>IX</b>	All buildings damaged. Cracks appear in ground.
<b>X</b>	Many buildings destroyed. Ground is badly cracked.
<b>XI</b>	Almost all buildings destroyed. Wide cracks in the ground. Water, gas and electric out of action.
<b>XII</b>	Total destruction. Waves seen on the ground.